



Porting Maxwell to the GPU Top Challenges

GPU TECHNOLOGY CONFERENCE Juan Cañada Head of Visualization Next Limit Technologies





- Maxwell overview
- Why porting to the GPU was challenging
- Performance considerations
- Using the CPU to improve the GPU engine
- Summary



Agenda



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Maxwell Overview











Maxwell Overview



MAXWELL

- First physically based render in the market (2004)
- Ground-truth reference render
- Predictive rendering tool
- Light analysis tool



- Animation & VFX
- Architecture
- Industrial Design
- Science
- Others





- Animation & VFX
- Architecture
- Industrial Design
- Science
- Others





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- Maxwell Render overview
- Why porting to the GPU was challenging
- Performance considerations
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- Summary







- Keep pixel accuracy
- Use GPU for predictive rendering
- Improve performance
- Spectral, unbiased, accurate PBR
- Support CPU & GPU resuming & merging



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Predictive Rendering



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Photo.

Nikon D70. Focal lenght 24mm. CCD sensor size 23.7x15.6mm. Manual settings ISO 200 / fStop 8 / Shutter speed 90 / WB set with 6500K lamp in Cornell box Cornell box dimensions 50x50x50cm

Compact fluorescent lamp Philips Master PL electronic 865 (6500k daylight white) 27W / 1700 lumen / efficacy 62,96 lumen/W

Maxwell render 1.0

Maxwell camera. Focal lenght 24mm. Film size 23.7x15.6mm. ISO 200 / fStop 8 / Shutter speed 90 / Burn 1 / Gamma 2.2 Scene box dimensions 50x50x50cm Maxwell emitter 6500k / 27W / 1700 lumen / efficacy 62,96 lumen/W



Correct → Fast ☺ Fast → Correct ⊗









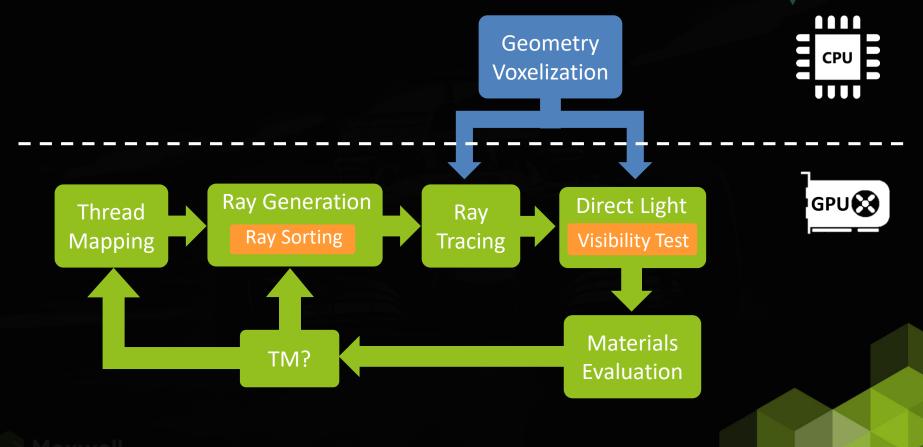


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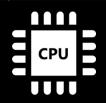
Maxwell GPU Architecture

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Geometry Voxelization



Thread Mapping Ray Sorting Ray Sorting Direct Light Tracing Materials TM?

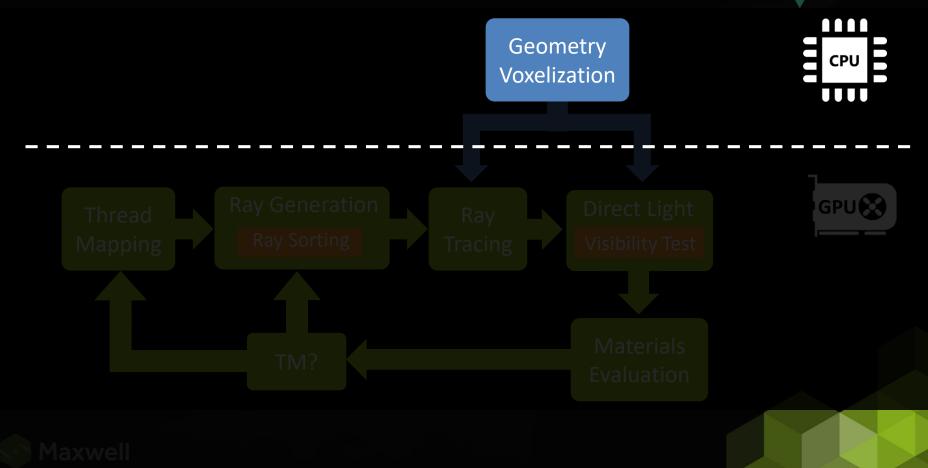




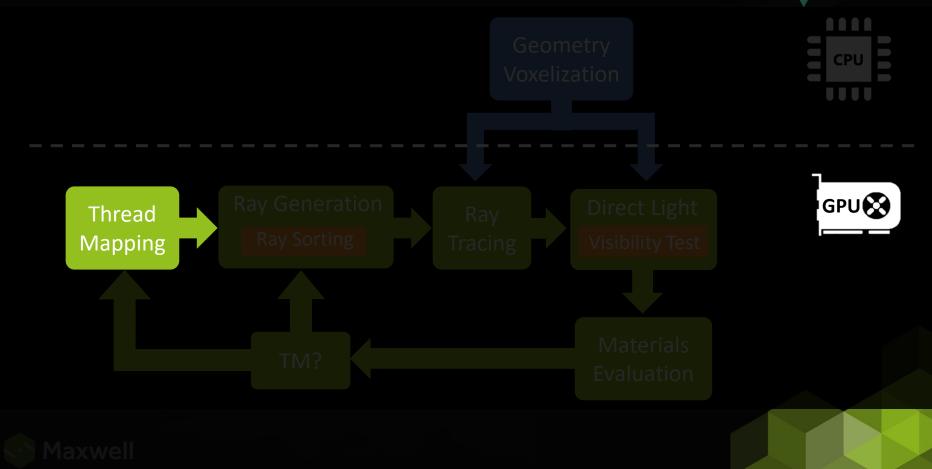
- Voxelization
 - Same Voxelization system as the CPU render
 - Currently performed in CPU just once
 - BVH
 - Binary tree (each node has 2 childs)
 - Coherent traversal

All threads fetch same amount of data / node
 Increase coherence in performance
 Trees become bigger









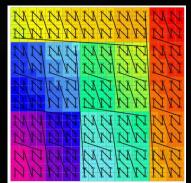
- Thread Mapping
 - Module that manages THREAD / PIXEL mapping

- Sampling Level (SL)
 - Low Morton
 - Medium
 - High

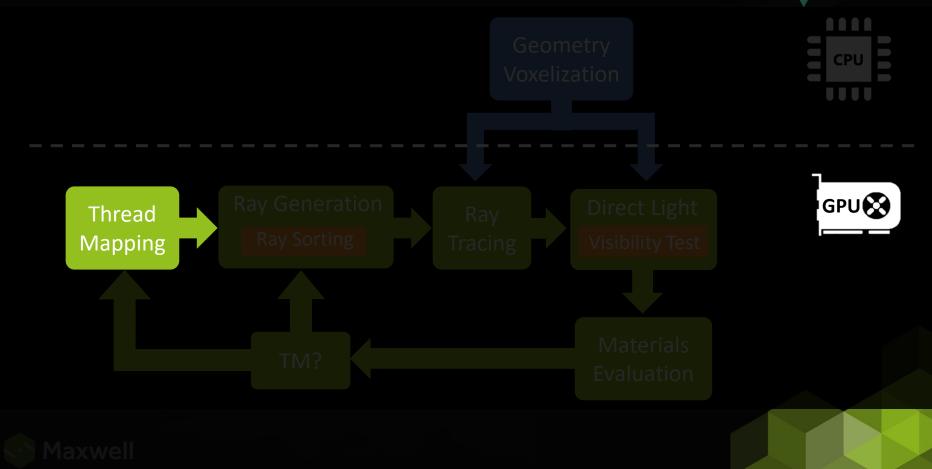


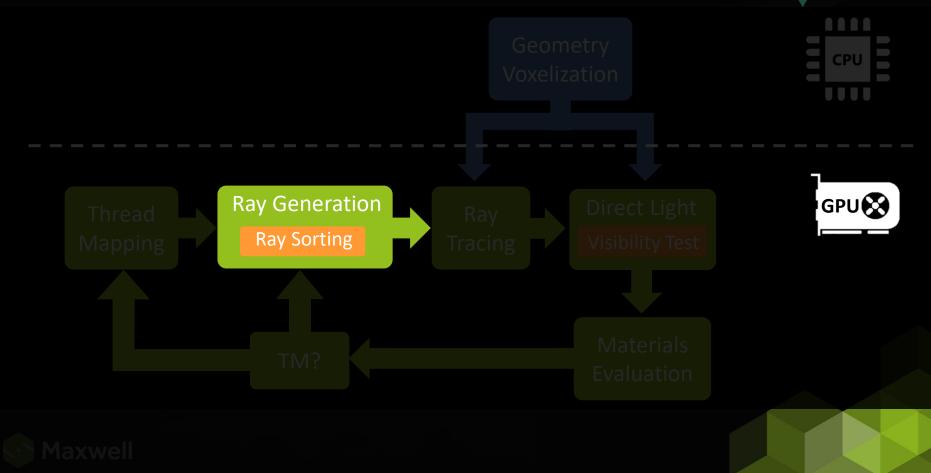
Curve Balances SPP Uses Variance

Morton Curve

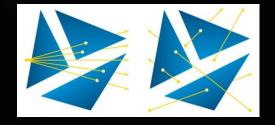








- Ray Generation Module
 - Primary Rays (PR)
 - Rays shot from camera
 - High degree of coherence



- Two neighboring rays will hit nearby similar objects
- Secondary Rays (SR)
 - Rays shot from surfaces
 - No coherence
 - Two neighbouring rays might hit different objects

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- Ray Generation Module
 - Thread blocks with just PR
 - High degree of coherence
 - Best performance situation
 - Thread blocks with just SR
 - All will take much more time than PR
 - The worst SR will drive the performance
 - Thread blocks with PR and SR
 - SR will hurt PR performance



- Ray Generation Module
 - How do we handle it?
 - GPU Ray sorting by Ray Type

$$PR_0 PR_1 SR_0 PR_2 SR_1 PR_3 SR_2 PR_4$$





- Ray Generation Module
 - How do we handle it?
 - GPU Ray sorting by Ray Type





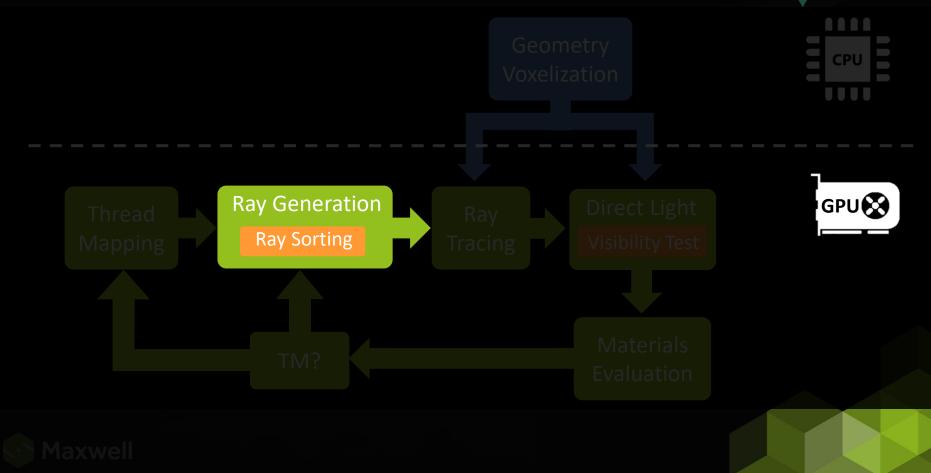
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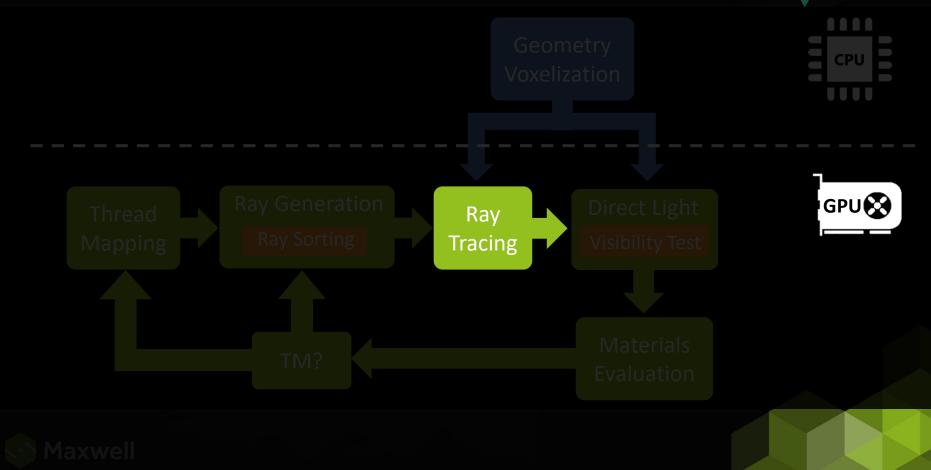
- Ray Generation Module
 - How do we handle it?
 - GPU Ray sorting by Ray Type
 - Sorting is really fast
 - Simple, yet powerful
 - Do it just after 2nd bounce
 - Not needed for PR
 - Performance boost is scene dependant





- Ray Generation Module
 - How do we handle it?
 - GPU Ray sorting by Ray Type
 - Considerations
 - Not useful for medium to small-res images
 - Use an indirection buffer
 - Cleaner code
 - Avoids moving global data
 - Much better performance

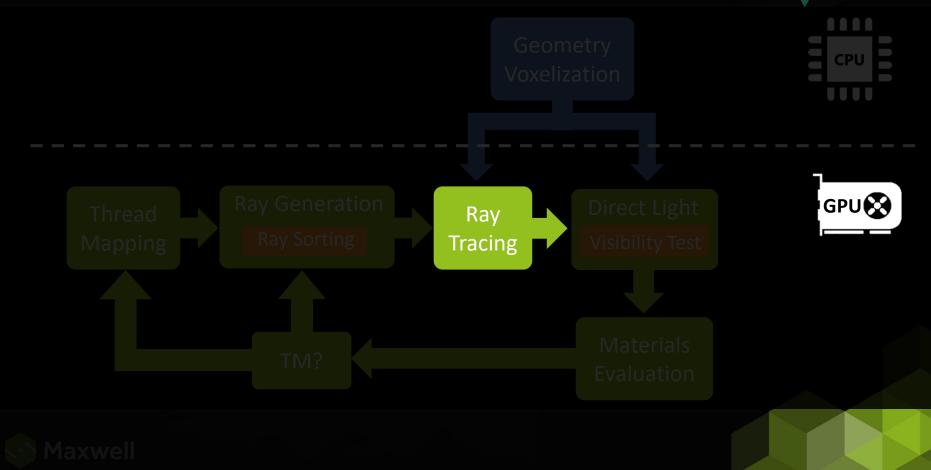






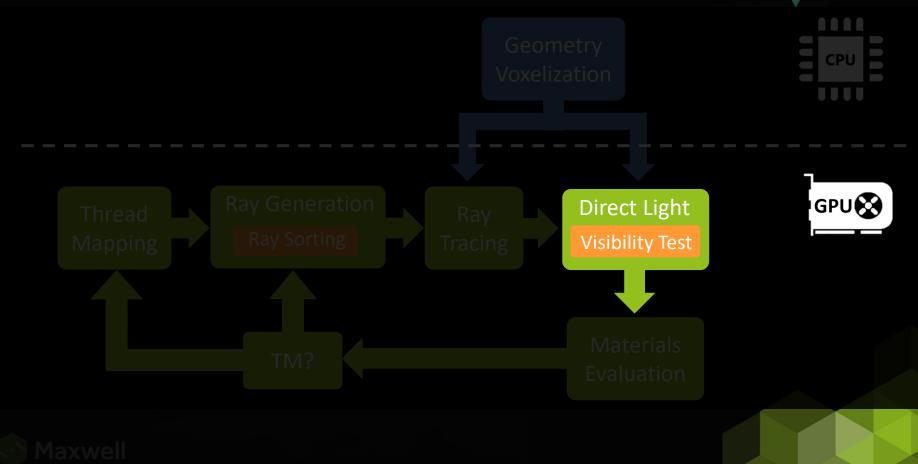
- Ray Tracing Module
 - GPU architecture dependent kernels
 - Fermi, Kepler, Maxwell
 - Use every architecture strengths





GPU Maxwell Render

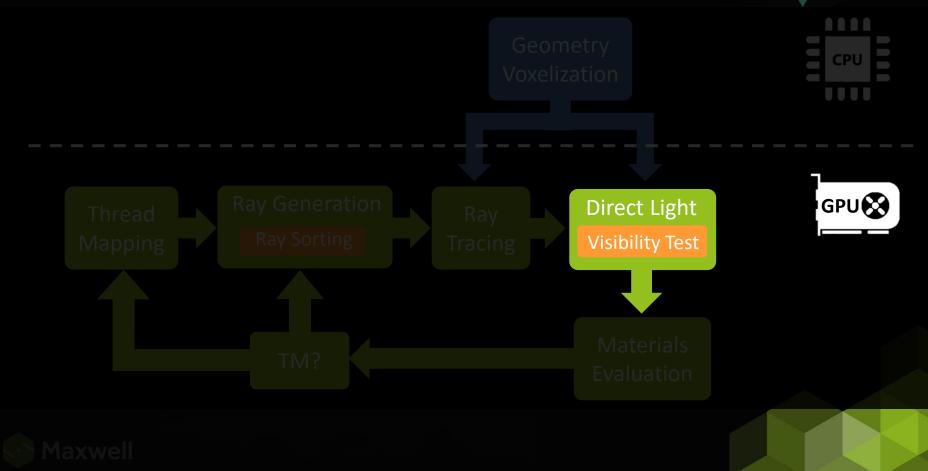
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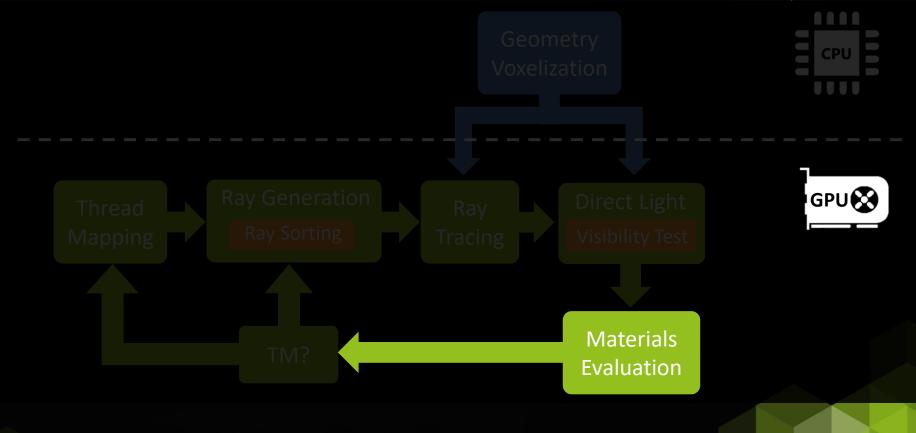


Direct Light Module

- 1. Sample scene emitters at each path node
 - Two strategies
 - Sample 1 random emitter / sample
 - Sample all emitters / sample
- 2. Visibility test
 - Trace shadow rays
 - Incoherent rays
 Ray sorting does not help
- 3. Many other optimizations









- Materials Evaluation Module
 - Maxwell materials are complex
 - Many layers and many BSDFs / layer \rightarrow very generic







Materials Evaluation Module

- Bbig kernels are harmful
- Samples evaluating different materials
 - Access different data
 - Execute different code







- Materials Evaluation Module
 - Materials Group Queue System (MGQS)
 - 1. Every material is assigned a Material Group ID
 - 2. Queue system for Material Groups (MG)
 - 3. Every queue has specific kernelsAvoid big kernels
 - 4. Samples are queued to the corresponding MG Queue
 - All samples evaluating the same MG are executed together
 Increased coherence in execution time
 Increased coherence in data access



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GPU Maxwell Render



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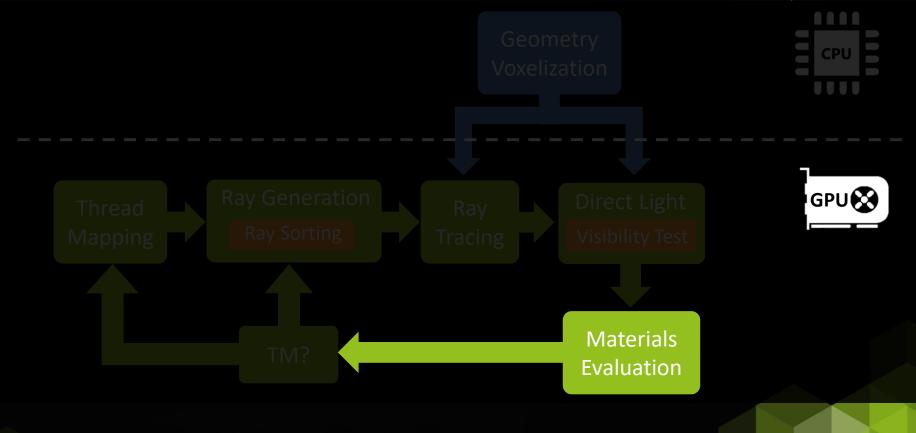
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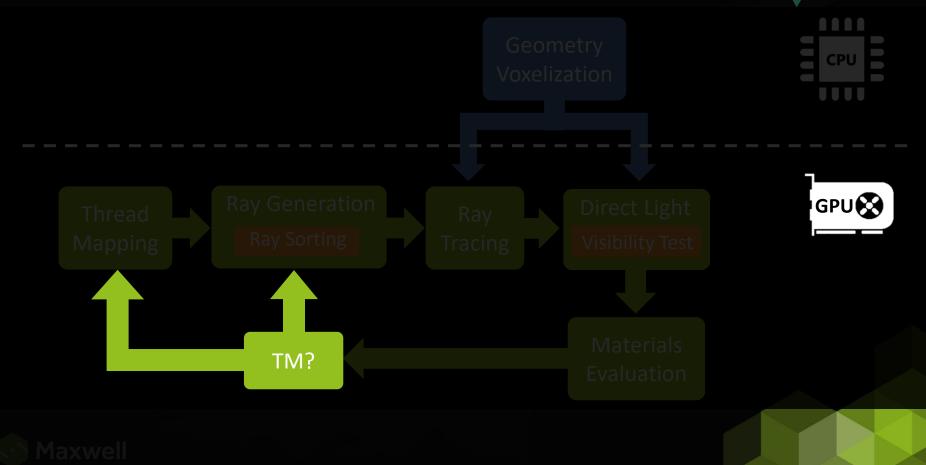
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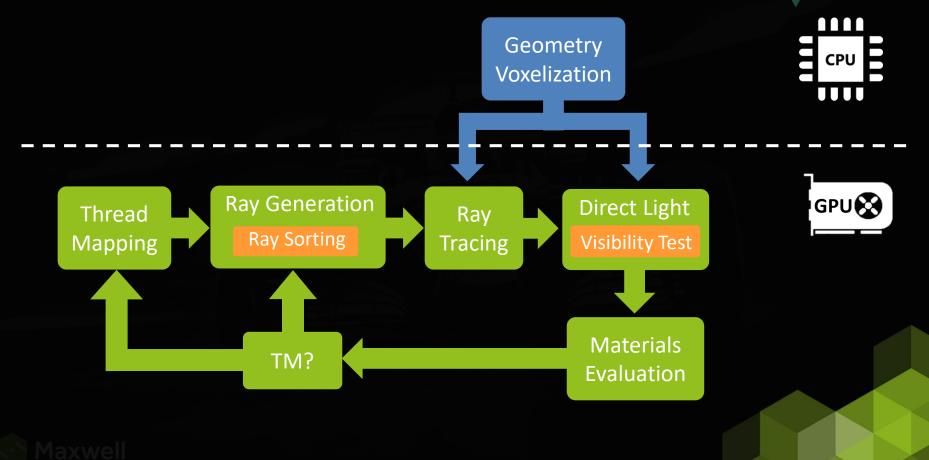








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Using the CPU to improve the GPU engine

Why using our CPU engine as ground truth?

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- 12 years old \rightarrow Stable & Robust
- Used many times for validation purposes



CPU vs GPU Case Studies



Guggenheim scene



Teapot scene



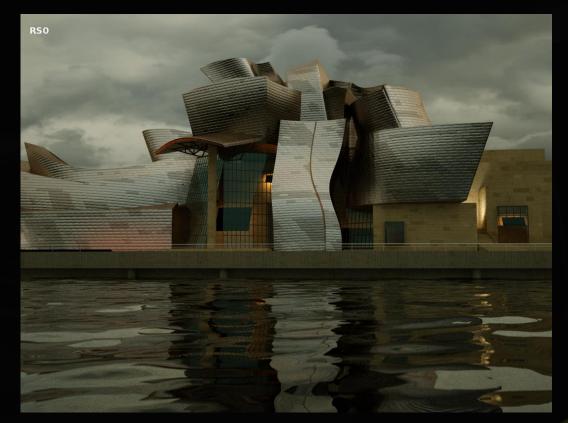
















ISSUES

- Slight differences in intensity
- Noise in some areas
- Subtle changes in glossy surfaces





STRATEGY

- Simplifying & Isolating (surprise :P)
- Automated numerical comparisons

-Raytracing text output

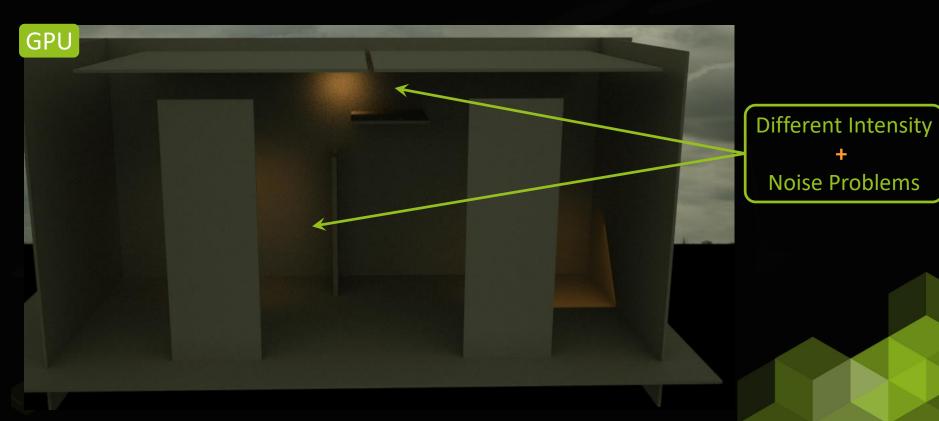
- Ray viewer





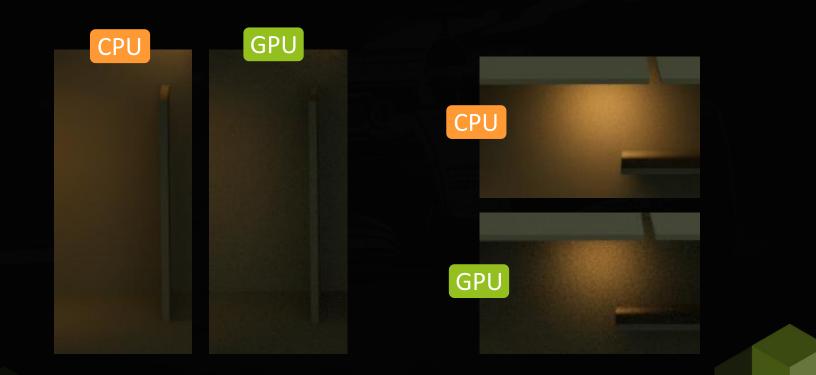






Guggenheim Scene – Intensity & Noise







FINDINGS

- Emitters intensity
 - Hidden property of emitters was not working properly
 - Non-visible emitters were causing occlusions
 - Loss of energy
- Noise
 - QMC had some problems for higher dimensions

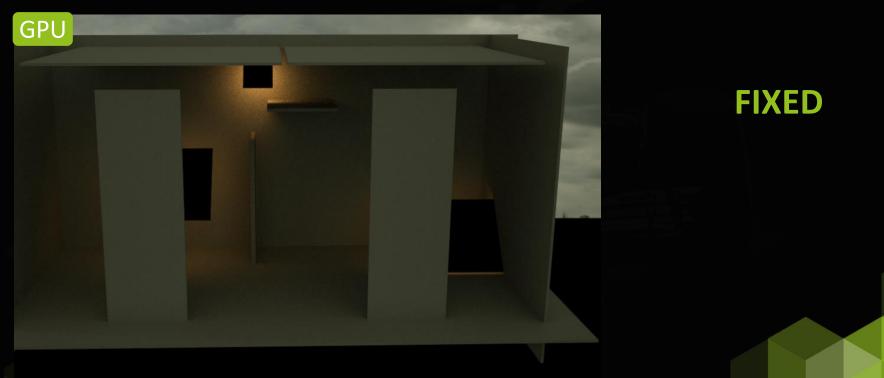






IUAVU





LIGVAACI









SVIPPIUM

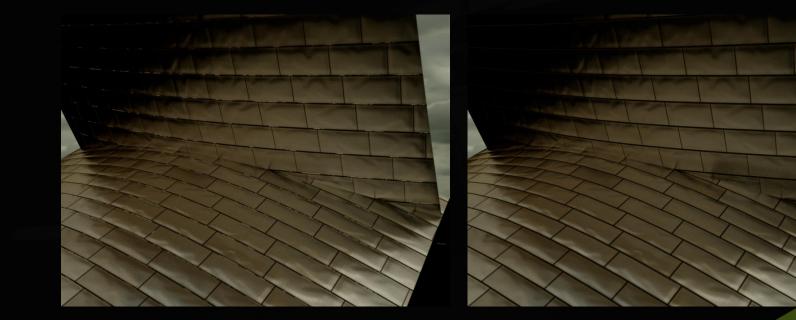












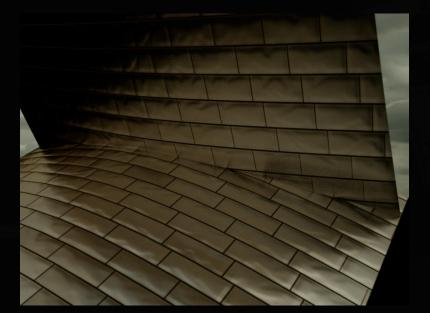
🕑 Maxwel













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Naxwell

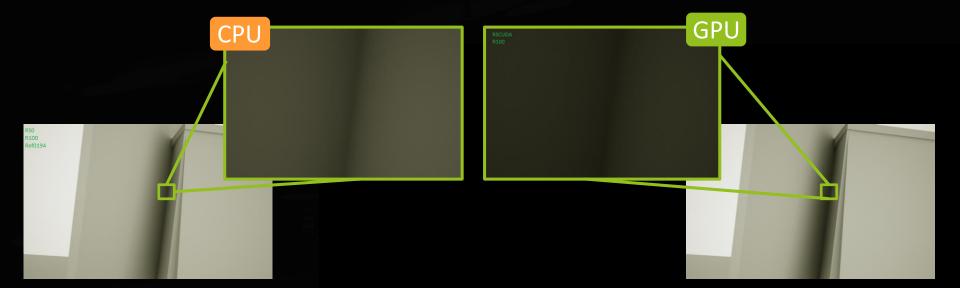




• Simplify the material \rightarrow Lambert

Maxwel









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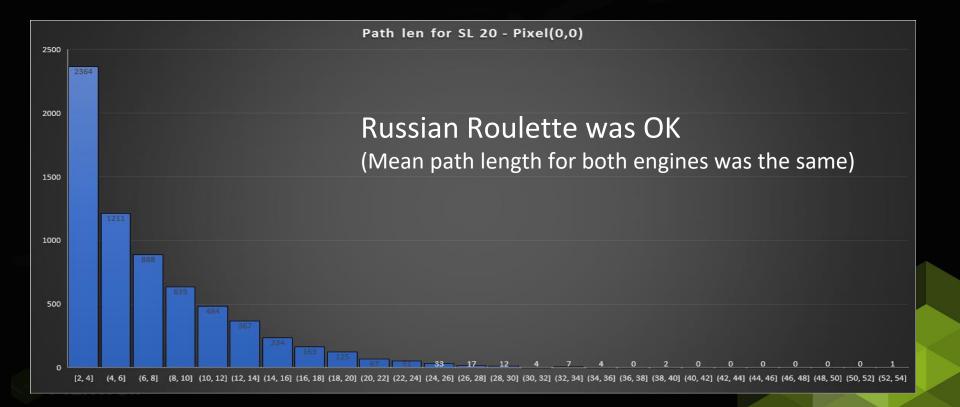
- It turned out it was not related to materials
 - Both glossy and lambert have the same problem
 - Difficult to isolate
- Possible problems
 - QMC numbers bug?
 - Russian Roulette bug?
 - Ray / triangle intersection issues with indirect bounces?
 - Energy accumulation problem?
 - Precision issues?

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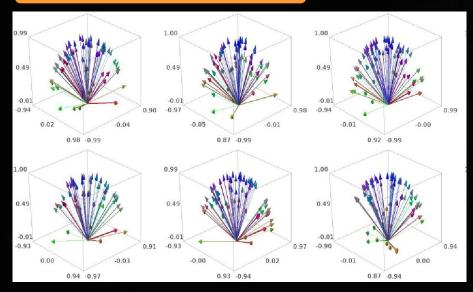




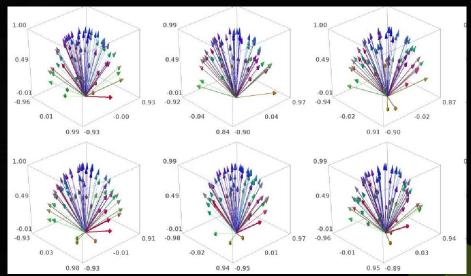




CPU – QMC Distributions



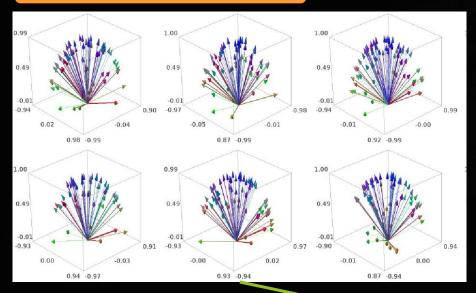
GPU – QMC Distributions



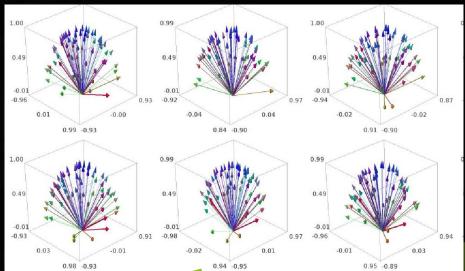
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CPU – QMC Distributions



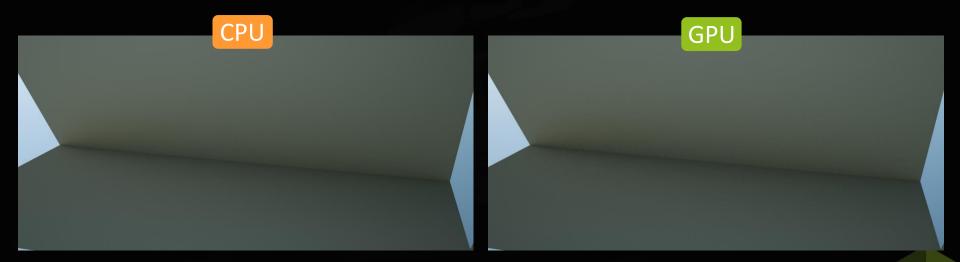
GPU – QMC Distributions



Automated tests detected differences!



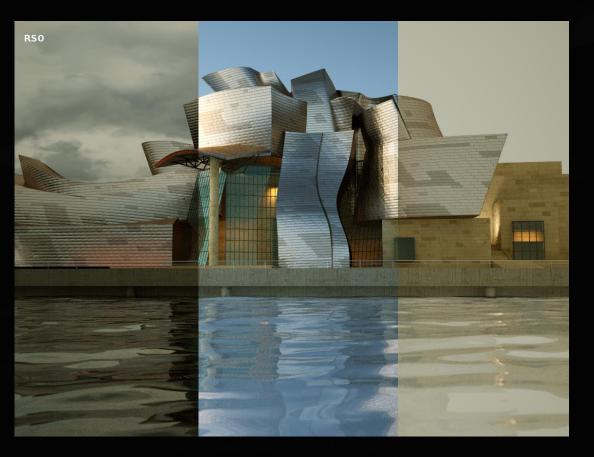




SOLVED



Guggenheim Scene



CPU == GPU 🕲

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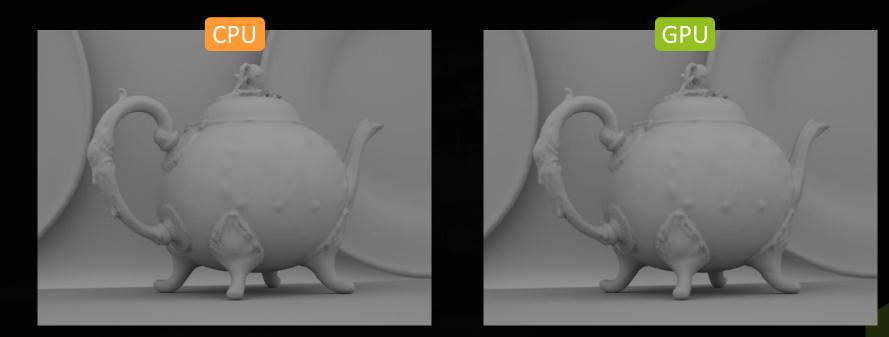
ISSUES

- Subtle differences in bump/normal mapping
- Differences in materials with many layers/bsdfs
- Small changes in intensity



Use cases where CPU Maxwell helped... A LOT!!!





Test 1 : Lambert materials + Constant Sky \rightarrow OK







Test 2 : Added textures + Normal maps \rightarrow WRONG







Test 3 : Added multilayered materials → WRONG





FINDINGS

- Automated CPU vs GPU numerical comparisons were **key**
 - Rays reaching IBL were not accumulating energy properly
 - Multilayered weights were not properly computed
 - Bug introduced when porting CPU **optimized** code
 - Precision issues creating TBN bases (Affected bump/normal mapping)







Next Steps Unbiased, GPU friendly SSS







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Summary



Main sources of bugs:

- CPU optimized code not easy to port
- Refactoring to make code GPU friendly
- Precision issues with some math operators







- 90% of the complexity of Maxwell already ported

- -Very happy with the results: Speed boost: 5x-15x
- CUDA made it possible
- Validating using a ground truth renderer
 - Was painful
 - 100% worth in the long run (quality first, speed second)





Thanks!

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